

The Anatomy of a Water Quality Listing

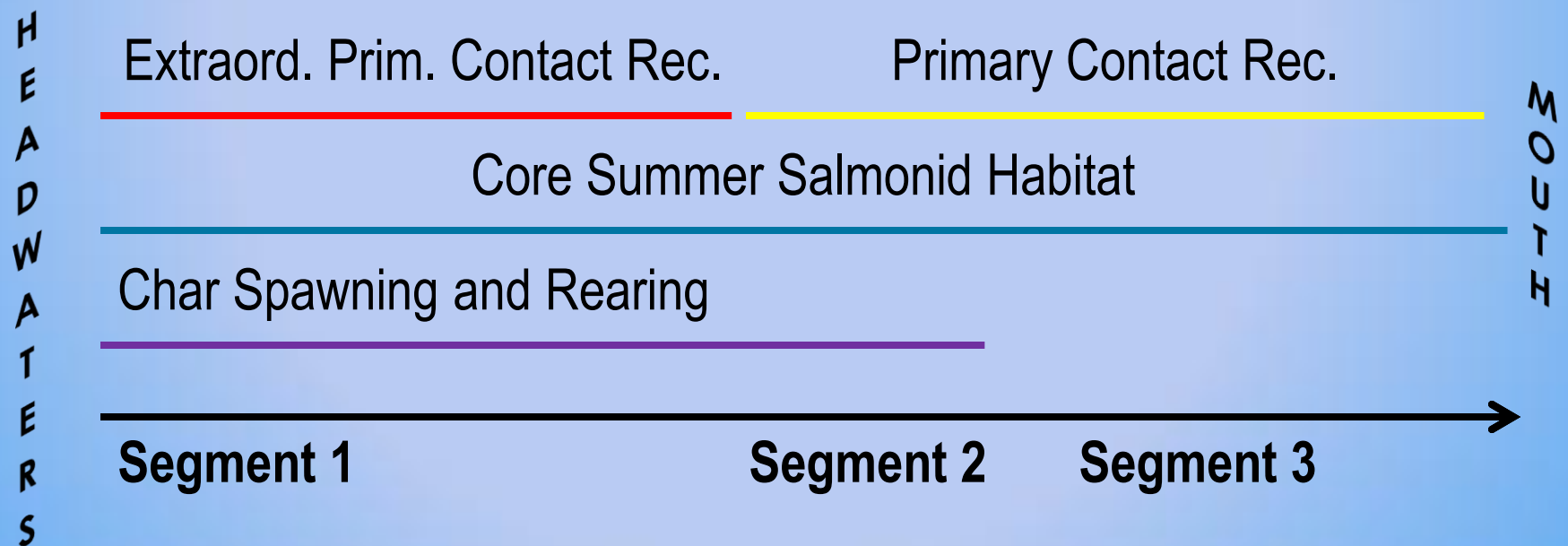
- **Waterbody Segments:** based on Designated Uses of water bodies and WQ standards for individual Uses
- **Reaches:** based on inherent hydrology
- **Assessment Units (AUs):** based on reaches with available data
- **Water Quality Listings:** based on available data for each parameter monitored within a reach



Waterbody Segments Provide the Foundation for the Assessment

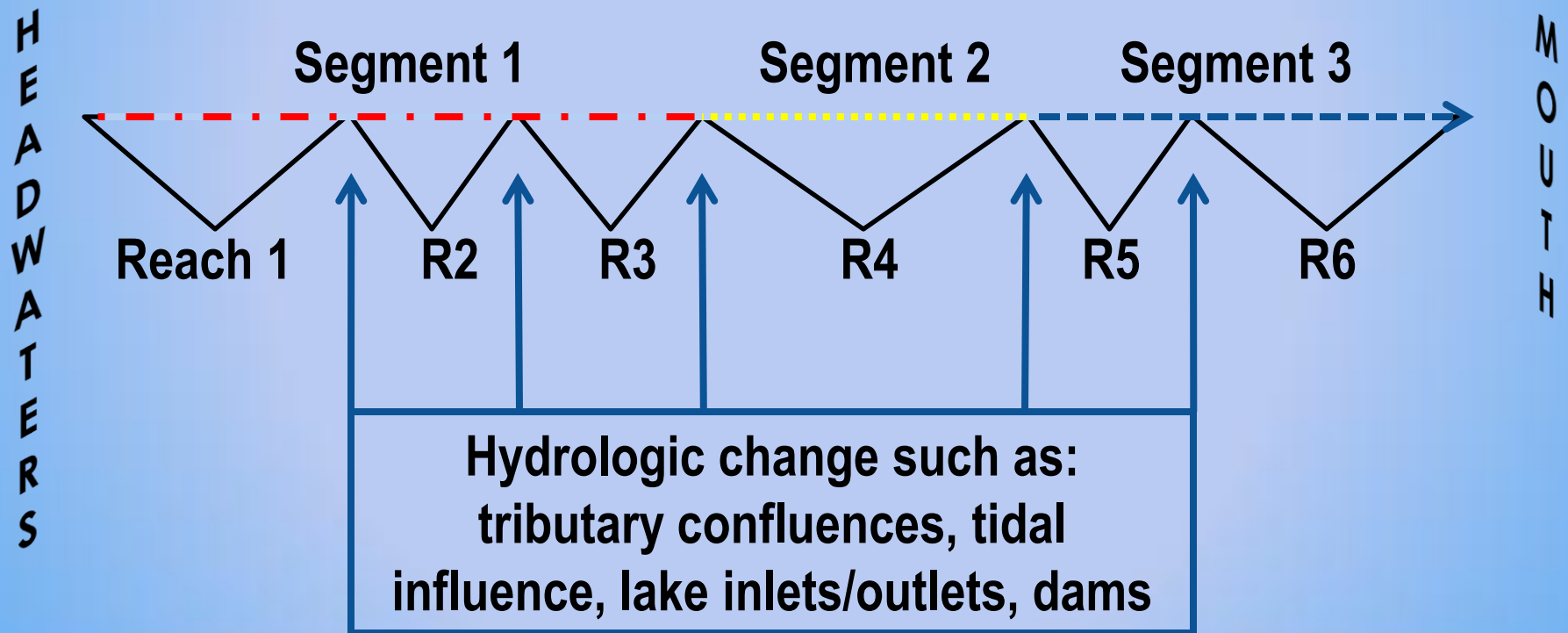
“Segment”: a section of a waterbody with a unique combination of Designated Uses (& associated WQ standards)

Example of a stream with 3 use-based segments:



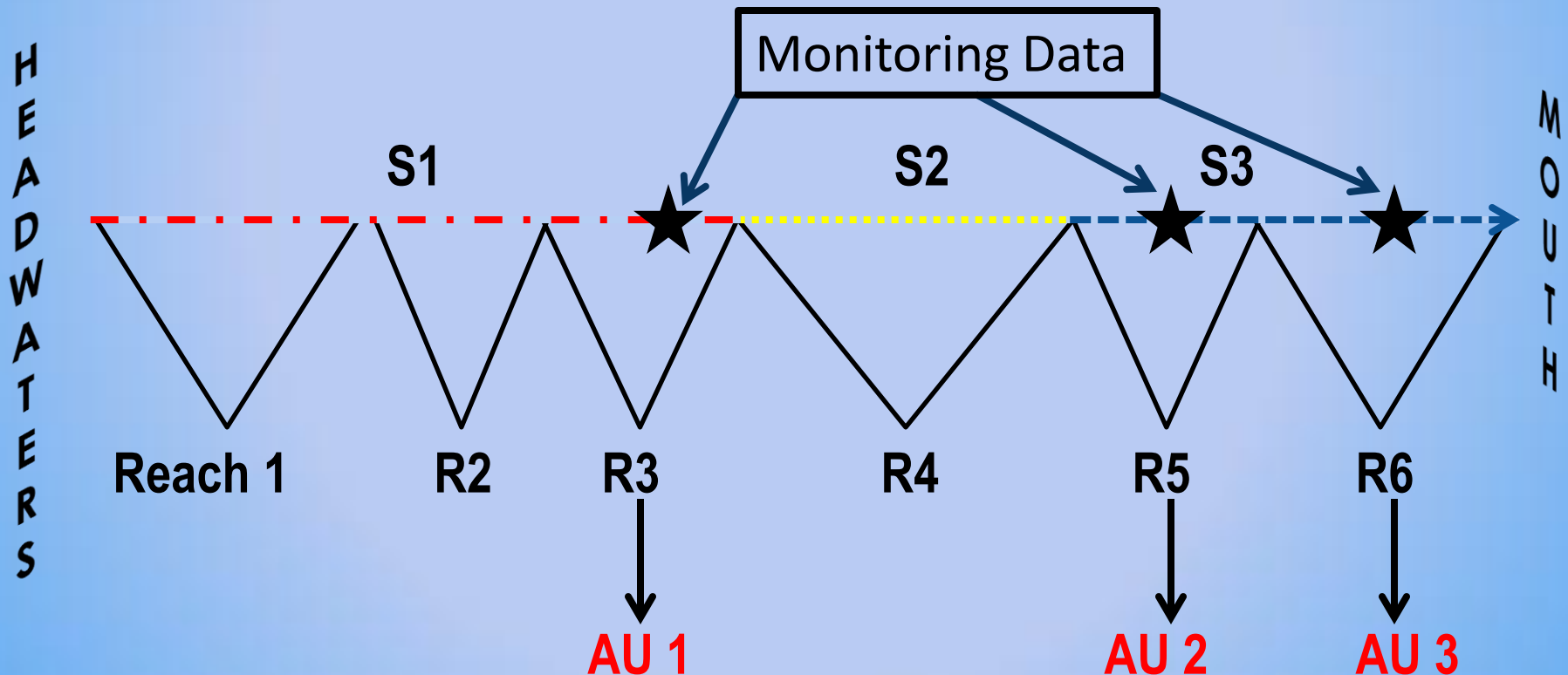
Segments Have One or More Reaches

“Reach”: a section of a waterbody that has relatively homogenous chemical and physical attributes



Assessment Units serve as the Framework for Water Quality Listings

“Assessment Unit (AU)”: a REACH for which sufficient credible water quality data is available to assess



Each “Listing” is a Unique Combination of a Use/AU/Medium/Parameter

If one or more parameters does not meet water quality standards for a specific Use at any location along an AU, the Use is impaired

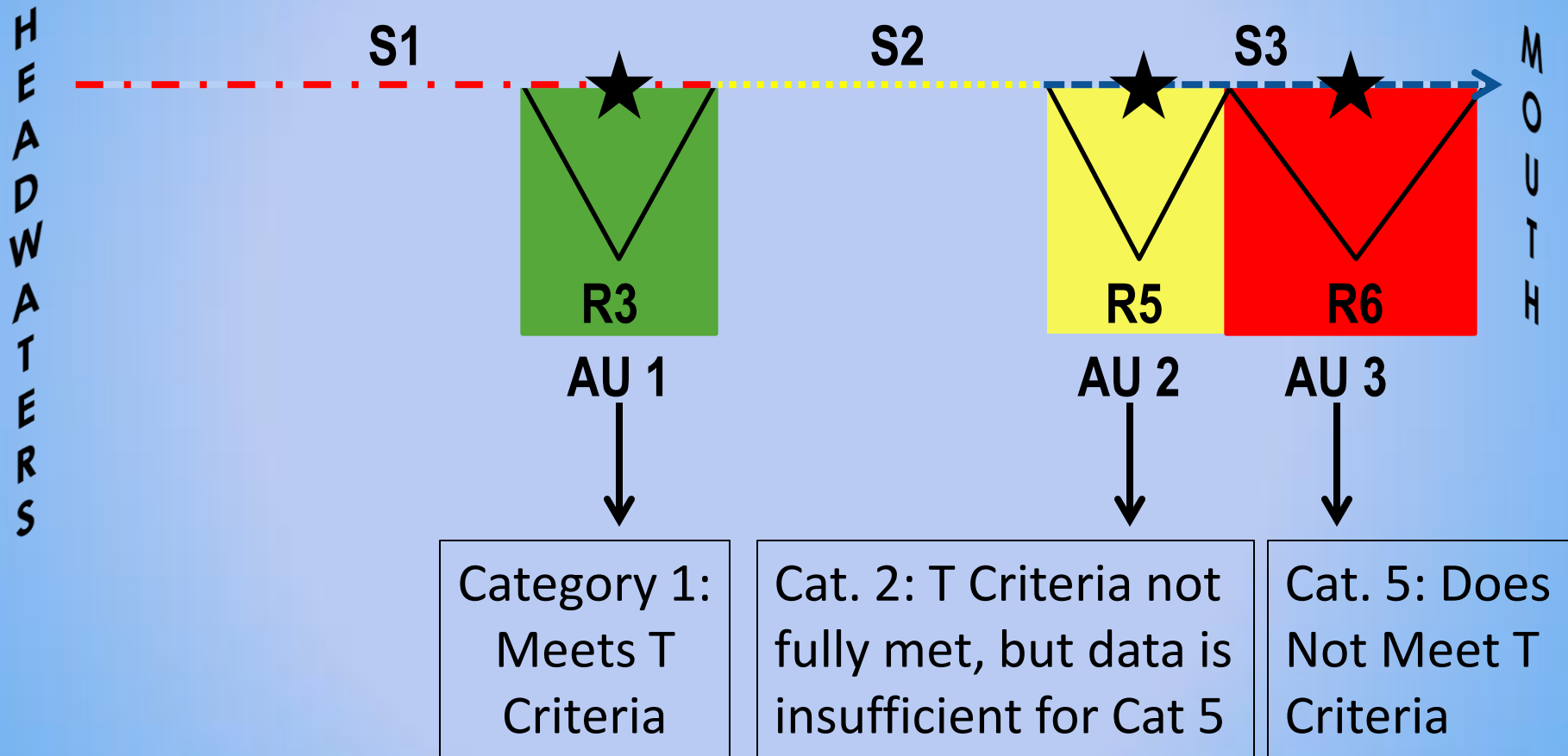
Each parameter assessed for a Use results in a unique Listing (and ID#)- no Listing addresses more than one AU

This is why:

- a waterbody can have multiple Listings for the same parameter...
- and each of those Listings can have a different water quality category



Example Layout of Temperature (T) Listings



How AUs were Created on the Current Approved (2012) Assessment

AUs for streams were based on Township, Range, & Section lines

Provided a simple and consistent way to create AUs

Unresponsive to changes in reaches

- Natural changes in water quality & quantity due to tributary inputs
- Changes in human-derived pollutant loads from entering from tributaries



Stream/River AUs in the Proposed Assessment are based on the National Hydrography Dataset

National Hydrography Dataset (NHD): a high-resolution waterbody mapping system, that assigns a numeric *address* to each stream/river reach

AUs based on the NHD aligns the assessment of stream data with reach-scale changes in aquatic ecosystems

- In general, one AU is equal to one entire reach
- AUs range from a couple hundred feet long to several miles long



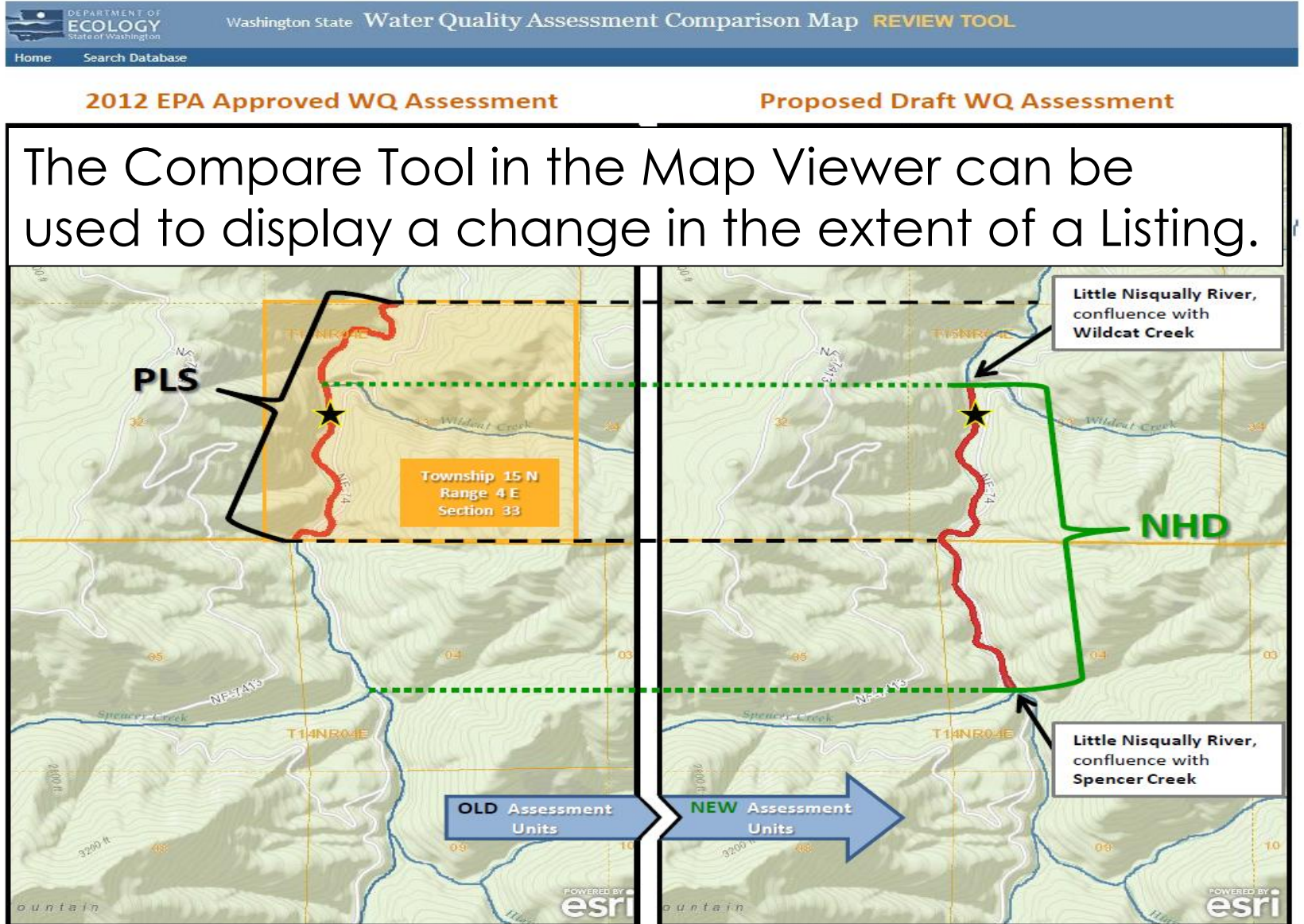
How AUs were created using the NHD

AU Delineation:

- **Small streams: full *segment* length**
- **Major streams & rivers: *confluence to confluence***
- **Large rivers: basin boundaries & dams**
- **Small lakes: AU = whole lake**
 - ❖ no change from 2012 Assessment
- **Marine waters & large lakes >1500 acres: grid cells**
 - ❖ no change from 2012 Assessment



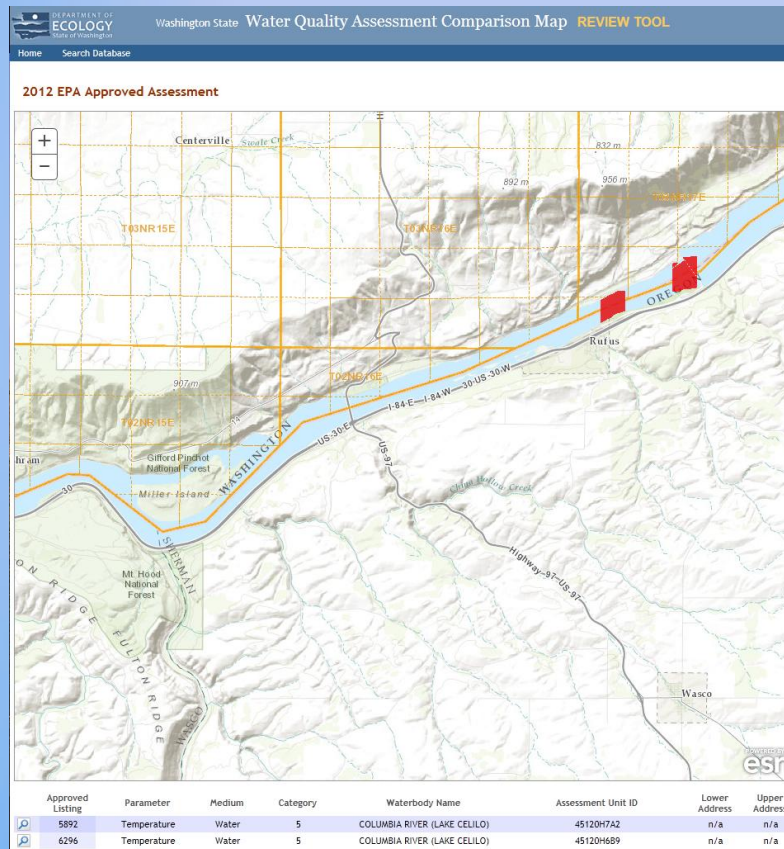
AUs for Major Streams/Rivers



Large River Assessment Units

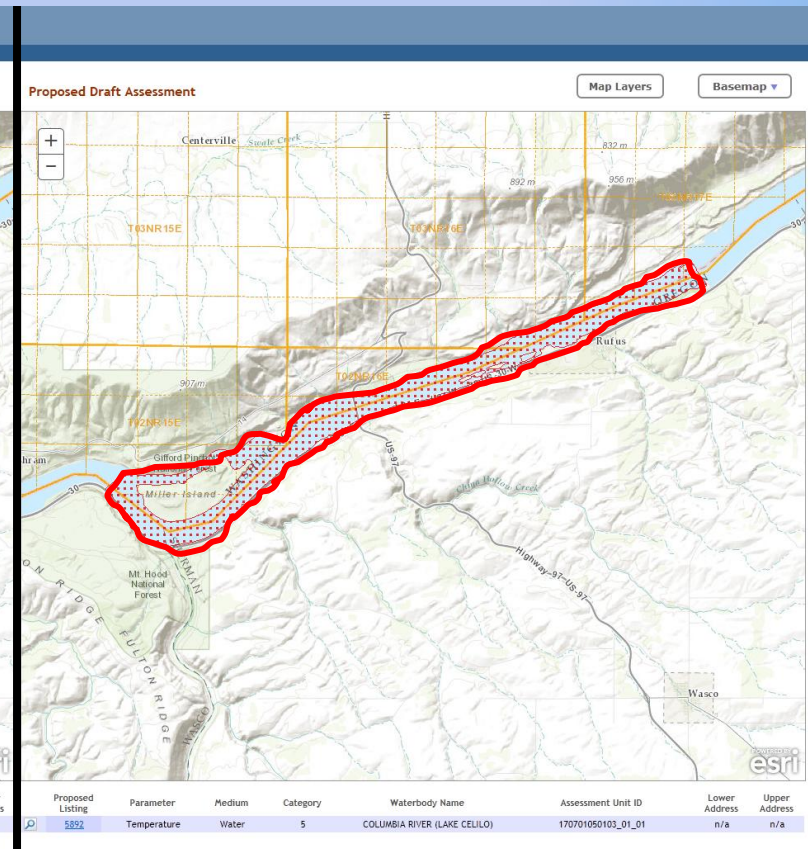
Columbia River Example

Approved Assessment



2012 Assessment Units

Proposed Assessment



Modified Assessment Unit